SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR QUARTER IV 2023

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CORPORATE INFORMATION

Enterprise Registration Certificate

No. 3700748131 dated 20 September 2006.

The initial Business Registration Certificate No. 3700748131 dated 20 September 2006 and its subsequent amendments were issued by the Department of Planning and Investment of Binh Duong Province. The latest Enterprise Registration Certificate No. 3700748131 dated 23 August 2023.

Board of Directors

Mr. Le Duc Nghia

Chairman

Mr. Masao Kamibayashiyama

Deputy Chairman

Mr. Nguyen Minh Tuan

Member Member

Mr. Le Thanh Phong
Ms. Nguyen Thi Dieu Phuong

Member

Mr. Nguyen Thanh Quyen Mr. Phan Quoc Cong Independent Member Independent Member

Ms. Vo Thi Ngoc Anh

General Director

Mr. Le Thanh Phong Ms. Nguyen Thi Hao Deputy General Director Deputy General Director (until 25 October 2023)

Ms. Nguyen Thi Kim Thoa Ms. Nguyen Thi Duyen Mr. Ngo Tan Tri Deputy General Director Deputy General Director Deputy General Director

Ms. Thieu Thi Ngoc Diem

Chief Accountant

Board of Supervision

Board of Management

Ms. Tran Thi Ngoc Tue Ms. Tran Thi Kim Anh Head

Ms. Nguyen Thi Thuy Trang
Ms. Mai Thi Phuong Thao

Member (until 25 April 2023) Member (from 26 April 2023)

Member

Legal representative

Mr. Le Duc Nghia Ms. Vo Thi Ngoc Anh Chairman General Director

Registered office

Land plot No. 681, Map No. 5, DT 747B Street, Phuoc Hai Town, Thai Hoa Ward, Tan Uyen City,

Binh Duong Province, Viet Nam.

STATEMENT OF THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT

STATEMENT OF THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT OF THE COMPANY IN RESPECT OF THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Board of Management of An Cuong Wood-Working Joint Stock Company ("the Company") is responsible for preparing the separate financial statements which gives a true and fair view of the separate financial position of the Company as at 31 December 2023, and the results of its separate operations and separate cash flows for Quarter IV 2023 then ended. In preparing these separate financial statements, the Board of Management is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the separate financial statement on a going-concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The Board of Management is responsible for ensuring that proper accounting records are kept which disclose, with reasonable accuracy at any time, the financial position of the Company and enable separate financial statements to be prepared which comply with the basis of accounting set out in Note 2 to the separate financial statements. The Board of Management is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud or errors.

APPROVAL OF THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

We hereby, approve the accompanying separate financial statements as set out on pages 3 to 47 which gives a true and fair view of the separate financial position of the Company as at 31 December 2023 and of the results of its separate operations and separate cash flows for Quarter IV 2023 in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, the Vietnamese Corporate Accounting System and applicable regulations on preparation and presentation of separate financial statements.

Users of these separate financial statements of the Company should read them together with the consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (together, "the Group") for Quarter IV 2023 in order to obtain full information of the consolidated financial position and results of consolidated operations and consolidated cash flows of the Group.

behalf of the Board of Management

AN CUÖNG

Vo Thi Ngoc Anh General Director

Binh Duong, SR Vietnam 26 January 2024

Form B 01a - DN

SEPARATE BALANCE SHEET

| | | | As | s at |
|------|---|--------------|--------------------------------------|--|
| Code | ASSETS | Note | 31.12.2023 VND | 31.12.2022 VND |
| Code | ASSETS | 11010 | | 0.400.044.252.464 |
| 100 | CURRENT ASSETS | | 2,752,020,938,066 | 2,430,244,352,161 |
| 110 | Cash and cash equivalents | 3 | 46,348,000,184 | 285,786,734,410 |
| 111 | Cash | | 46,348,000,184 | 38,786,734,410 |
| 112 | Cash equivalents | | - | 247,000,000,000 |
| 120 | Short-term investments | | 1,469,000,000,000 | 866,000,000,000 |
| 123 | Investments held to maturity | 4(a) | 1,469,000,000,000 | 866,000,000,000 |
| 130 | Short-term receivables | | 698,496,259,294 | 549,599,335,714 |
| 131 | Short-term trade accounts receivable | 5 | 340,592,936,743 | 348,476,458,971 |
| 132 | Short-term prepayments to suppliers | 6 | 9,045,109,165 | 25,123,628,414 |
| 135 | Short-term lending | 7(a) | 114,021,132,127 | 100 504 000 050 |
| 136 | Other short-term receivables | 8(a) | 262,896,722,295 | 198,564,033,959 |
| 137 | Provision for doubtful debts - short term | 9 | (28,305,607,893) | (22,987,743,718) |
| 139 | Shortage of assets awaiting resolution | | 245,966,857 | 422,958,088 |
| 140 | Inventories | 10 | 527,900,304,770 | 698,932,385,372 |
| 141 | Inventories |) | 553,096,470,114 | 717,210,854,026 |
| 149 | Provision for decline in value of inventories | | (25,196,165,344) | (18,278,468,654) |
| 150 | Other current assets | | 10,276,373,818 | 29,925,896,665 |
| 151 | Short-term prepaid expenses | 11(a) | 8,394,354,218 | 27,371,387,238 |
| 152 | Value added tax ("VAT") to be reclaimed | 15(a) | 1,786,084,549 | 1,333,331,682 |
| 153 | Tax and other receivables | W. C W. C V. | | |
| | from the State | 15(a) | 95,935,051 | 1,221,177,745 |
| 200 | NON-CURRENT ASSETS | | 1,909,397,222,344 | 2,109,540,952,400 |
| 210 | Long-term receivables | -413 | 162,273,147,671 | 364,461,972,146 |
| 215 | Long- term lending | 7(b) | 142,526,415,151 | 364,461,972,146 |
| 216 | Other long-term receivables | 8(b) | 19,746,732,520 | (2) |
| 220 | Fixed assets | | 173,724,393,411 | 174,151,299,318 |
| 221 | Tangible fixed assets | 12(a) | 161,909,397,850 | 160,889,579,088 475,131,484,000 |
| 222 | Historical cost | | 493,908,287,859 (331,998,890,009) | (314,241,904,912) |
| 223 | Accumulated depreciation | | | V. Torris 144, 31000 11 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 |
| 227 | Intangible fixed assets | 12(b) | 11,814,995,561 | 13,261,720,230 |
| 228 | Historical cost | | 34,504,878,488 (22,689,882,927) | 32,568,567,346 (19,306,847,116) |
| 229 | Accumulated amortisation | | | |
| 240 | Long-term asset in progress | | 20,342,350,587 | 2,006,447,041 |
| 242 | Construction in progress | 13 | 20,342,350,587 | 2,006,447,041 |
| 250 | Long-term investments | | 1,458,831,200,000 | 1,475,431,200,000 |
| 251 | Investments in subsidiaries | 4(b) | 916,600,000,000 | 916,600,000,000 |
| 252 | Investments in associates | 4(b) | 396,031,200,000 119,200,000,000 | 393,631,200,000 119,200,000,000 |
| 253 | Investments in other entity | 4(b) 4(a) | 27,000,000,000 | 46,000,000,000 |
| 255 | Investments held to maturity | -(α) | A 80 50 | and the control of th |
| 260 | Other long-term assets | 11/6) | 94,226,130,675 84,258,338,589 | 93,490,033,895 85,840,952,383 |
| 261 | Long-term prepaid expenses | 11(b) 23 | 9,967,792,086 | 7,649,081,512 |
| 262 | Deferred income tax assets | 20 | | |
| 270 | TOTAL ASSETS | | 4,661,418,160,410 | 4,539,785,304,561 |
| | | | | |

The notes on pages 8 to 47 are an integral part of these separate financial statements.

SEPARATE BALANCE SHEET (continued)

| | | | As | at |
|------|--------------------------------------|--------|--|----------------------------|
| Code | RESOURCES | Note | 31.12.2023 | 31.12.2022 |
| Code | RESOURCES | | VND | VND |
| 300 | LIABILITIES | | 819,499,074,213 | 1,095,773,666,553 |
| 310 | Current liabilities | | 809,767,898,798 | 1,088,987,347,386 |
| 311 | Short-term trade accounts payable | 14 | 213,783,302,673 | 319,977,099,228 |
| 312 | Short-term advances from customers | 15 | 96,759,961,892 | 103,216,991,711 |
| 313 | Tax and other payables to the State | | 39,019,312,398 | 83,447,540,876 |
| 314 | Payables to employees | 17 | 51,984,400,815 | 16,304,569,145 |
| 315 | Short-term accrued expenses | 18 | 15,023,078,467 | 20,127,143,508 |
| 318 | Short-term unearned revenue | | 272,727,272 | 500,000,000 |
| 319 | Other short-term payables | 19 | 1,786,131,339 | 3,007,743,242 |
| 320 | Short-term borrowings | 21 | 388,236,979,494 | 520,147,652,725 |
| 322 | Bonus and welfare funds | 20 | 2,902,004,448 | 22,258,606,951 |
| 330 | Non-current liabilities | | 9,731,175,415 | 6,786,319,167 |
| 342 | Provision for long-term liabilities | 22 | 9,731,175,415 | 6,786,319,167 |
| 400 | OWNERS' EQUITY | | 3,841,919,086,197 | 3,444,011,638,008 |
| 410 | Capital and reserves | | 3,841,919,086,197 | 3,444,011,638,008 |
| 411 | Owners' capital | 24, 25 | 1,507,879,460,000 | 1,358,461,220,000 |
| 411a | - Ordinary shares with voting rights | 1/2.7 | 1,507,879,460,000 | 1,358,461,220,000 |
| 412 | Share premium | 25 | 1,418,741,358,556 | 1,419,298,588,703 |
| 415 | Treasury shares | 25 | - | (653, 230, 147) |
| 418 | Investment and development funds | 25 | 22,750,817,418 | · |
| 421 | Undistributed earnings | 25 | 892,547,450,223 | 666,905,059,452 |
| 721 | - Undistributed post-tax profits of | | Production of the Production o | |
| 421a | previous years | | 345,383,848,318 | 75,983,470,486 |
| 7214 | - Post-tax profits of current | | Harm 2000000 100000 and const. Protection of the Const. Const. Const. | 26, POINT 2 70 H/99/ 19 PQ |
| 421b | period/year | | 547,163,601,905 | 590,921,588,966 |
| 440 | TOTAL RESOURCES | | 4,661,418,160,410 | 4,539,785,304,561 |
| _ | | | 3:3100/98/37 | 1 |

Nguyen Thi Hong Lan Preparer Thieu Thi Ngoc Diem Chief Accountant

Ve Thi Ngoc Anh General Director 26 January 2024

CÔNG T

GÕ N CƯỜNG

AN CUONG WOOD-WORKING JOINT STOCK COMPANY

SEPARATE INCOME STATEMENT

| | | | For the three-month period ended | n period ended | For the year ended | bepue . |
|------|---|------|----------------------------------|---|---------------------|---------------------|
| | | | 31.12.2023 | 31.12.2022 | 31.12.2023 | 31.12.2022 |
| Code | | Note | NN | NN | ONV | NN |
| 10 | Revenue from sales of goods | | 000 000 | 000 000 000 | 0 454 050 404 TAA | 000 000 000 000 |
| | and rendering of services | | /01,812,004,720 | 911,393,024,038 | 2,451,552,481,744 | 2,934,306,935,096 |
| 02 | Less deductions | | (252,029,205) | (3,256,708,651) | (3,320,120,254) | (9,498,297,582) |
| 10 | Net revenue from sales of goods | 28 | 701 559 975 515 | 908 136 315 387 | 2 448 032 361 490 | 2 944 810 638 116 |
| ; | | } | | | | |
| Ξ | Cost of goods sold and services rendered | 29 | (520,300,805,566) | (678,419,928,584) | (1,834,462,907,838) | (2,220,519,610,191) |
| 20 | Gross profit from sales of goods and rendering of services | | 181,259,169,949 | 229,716,386,803 | 613,569,453,652 | 724,291,027,925 |
| 21 | Financial income | 30 | 145,604,099,427 | 39,961,880,513 | 455,862,704,389 | 431,254,337,431 |
| 22 | Financial expenses | 31 | (4,217,221,663) | (19,055,606,026) | (26,775,072,922) | (36,818,336,982) |
| 23 | Including: Interest expense | | (3,334,019,383) | (6,466,151,066) | (22,831,809,157) | (18,725,124,935) |
| 25 | Selling expenses | 32 | (84,793,418,392) | (118,389,293,579) | (336,262,091,748) | (351,030,463,589) |
| 26 | General and administration expenses | 33 | (32,404,560,731) | (40,248,736,506) | (94,114,375,720) | (93,794,913,262) |
| 30 | Net operating profit | | 205,448,068,590 | 91,984,631,205 | 612,280,617,651 | 673,901,651,523 |
| 31 | Other income | | 2,568,032,143 | 652,253,833 | 8,506,007,214 | 3,977,885,933 |
| 32 | Other expenses | | (1,100,310,879) | (483,194,686) | (2,452,488,573) | (1,145,391,700) |
| 40 | Net other income | | 1,467,721,264 | 169,059,147 | 6,053,518,641 | 2,832,494,233 |
| 20 | Net accounting profit before tax | | 206,915,789,854 | 92,153,690,352 | 618,334,136,292 | 676,734,145,756 |
| | F | | 7 - 1 | - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 | 4.000 | |

The notes on pages 8 to 47 are an integral part of these separate financial statement.

SEPARATE INCOME STATEMENT (continued)

| | | | For the three | or the three-month period ended | For the year ended | ended |
|----------------------|--|------|---|---------------------------------|--|-------------------|
| Code | | Note | 31.12.2023 VND | 31.12.2022 VND | 31.12.2023 VND | 31.12.2022 VND |
| 51 | Corporate income tax ("CIT") – current | 34 | (24,996,447,722) | (24,438,720,578) | (73,489,244,961) | (88,366,117,736) |
| 52 | Corporate income tax - deferred | 34 | 1,346,344,072 | 2,143,944,864 | 2,318,710,574 | 2,553,560,946 |
| 09 | Net profit after tax | | 183,265,686,204 | 69,858,914,638 | 547,163,601,905 | 590,921,588,966 |
| | | | Mm | | S. CONG. TV | |
| Nguyen T Preparer | Nguyen Thi Hong Lan Preparer | | Thieu Thi Ngoc Diem Chief Accountant | I | Vo Thi Ngoc Anh General Director 26 January 2024 | |

The notes on pages 8 to 47 are an integral part of these separate financial statement.

SEPARATE CASH FLOW STATEMENT (Indirect method)

| | | | For the per | iod ended |
|------|---|---------|---|---------------------|
| | | ũ. | 2023 | 2022 |
| Coc | de | Note | VND | VND |
| | CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES | | | |
| 01 | Net accounting profit before tax | | 618,334,136,292 | 676,734,145,756 |
| 0.1 | Adjustments for: | | | |
| 02 | Depreciation and amortisation | 35 | 45,235,186,267 | 48,585,352,965 |
| 03 | Provisions | | 15,180,417,113 | 7,281,938,973 |
| 04 | Unrealised foreign exchange losses | | (149,354,324) | (1,983,839,896) |
| 05 | Profits from investing activities | | (443,211,114,050) | (416,147,370,523) |
| 06 | Interest expense | | 22,831,809,157 | 18,725,124,935 |
| 08 | Operating profit before changes in working cap | oital | 258,221,080,455 | 333,195,352,210 |
| 09 | Decrease/ (increase) in receivables | | 65,048,408,157 | (78,176,213,404) |
| 10 | Decrease/ (increase) in inventories | | 164,114,383,912 | (11,893,863,777) |
| 11 | (Decrease)/ increase in payables | | (79,722,913,669) | 77,495,387,110 |
| 12 | Decrease/ (increase) in prepaid expenses | | 20,559,646,814 | (17,567,578,675) |
| 14 | Interest paid | | (22,831,809,157) | (18,725,124,935) |
| | | | (119,552,558,539) | (31,362,305,904) |
| 15 | CIT paid | | (65,293,914,019) | (13,053,359,288) |
| 17 | Other payments on operating activities | | 220,542,323,954 | 239,912,293,337 |
| 20 | Net cash inflows from operating activities | | 220,042,020,001 | |
| | CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES | ooto | (65,784,868,916) | (7,303,375,934) |
| 21 | Purchases of fixed assets and other long-term as | seis | 2,431,209,091 | (1,000,010,001) |
| 22 | Proceeds from disposals of fixed assets | | (1,629,000,000,000) | (1,159,000,000,000) |
| 23 | Investments held to maturity | | | 1,130,145,044,955 |
| 24 | Collection of loans and investments held to matur | rity | 1,073,505,283,033 | (126,631,200,000) |
| 25 | Investments in other entities | | (12,600,000,000) | (120,031,200,000) |
| 26 | Investments in associate | | 10,200,000,000 | - |
| 27 | Interest received from lending, bank deposits and | d | 577 400 450 | 000 700 005 000 |
| | profit distributed | | 398,577,130,459 | 369,720,625,892 |
| 30 | Net cash (outflows)/ inflows from investing act | ivities | (222,671,246,333) | 206,931,094,913 |
| - | CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES | | 96,000,000 | 43,748,200,000 |
| 31 | Proceeds from issue of shares | | 1,187,387,202,768 | 1,405,479,395,865 |
| 33 | Proceeds from borrowings | | | (1,193,125,308,177) |
| 34 | Repayments of borrowings | | (1,319,297,875,999) | (464,650,732,500) |
| 36 | Dividends paid | | (105,544,842,200) | |
| 40 | Net cash outflows from financing activities | | (237,359,515,431) | (208,548,444,812) |
| 50 | Net (decrease)/ increase in cash and cash equivalents in year | | (239,488,437,810) | 238,294,943,438 |
| | | | * | i= |
| 60 | Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year | r 3 | 285,786,734,410 | 47,401,336,077 |
| 61 | Effect of foreign exchange differences | | 49,703,584 | 90,454,895 |
| 70 | Cash and cash equivalents at end of year | 3 | 46,348,000,184 | 285,786,734,410 |
| (. | | | 4.3 | // |
| | $\Lambda \Lambda$ | | CONG TY | |
| 1 | VIII | 2 | CÓ PHÁN)XX | XUN |
| 1 | | | ★ GÖ ///★ | |
| | 100 | | AN CƯỜNG S | |
| _ | | | 12 | 19 1 |
| | | | Vyou = given | |
| Nau | yen Thi Hong Lan Thieu Thi Ngoc | Diem | 76 Thi Ngoc | |
| | parer Chief Accountage | | General Direct | ctor |
| 1 10 | July Sills File Surface | | 26 January 2 | |

The notes on pages 8 to 47 are an integral part of these separate financial statements.

26 January 2024

NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR QUARTER IV 2023

1 GENERAL INFORMATION

An Cuong Wood-Working Joint Stock Company ("the Company") was established in SR Vietnam pursuant to the initial Business Registration Certificate No. 3700748131 issued by the Department of Planning and Investment of Binh Duong Province on 20 September 2006 and the latest amended Enterprise Registration Certificate dated 23 August 2023.

Shareholders of the Company include NC Vietnam Investment Company Limited, Whitlam Holding Pte. Ltd., Sumitomo Forestry (Singapore) Ltd. and other shareholders. Details are presented in Note 24.

The principal activity of the Company is to manufacture and trade wooden household, industrial wooden items, artificial boards, interior decoration, kitchen equipment, other wooden related products and to provide installation services.

The normal business cycle of the Company is within 12 months.

As at 31 December 2023, the Company had two direct subsidiaries, one associate and one indirect subsidiary as disclosed in Note 4(b) (as at 31 December 2022: the Company had three direct subsidiaries, one associate and one indirect subsidiary). Details are as follows:

| Na | me | Location | Principal activity | 31.12.20 | 23 | 31.12.20 | 22 |
|------|---|---------------------------|--|-----------|------------|-----------|--------|
| 110 | | | | | Voting | 1 | Voting |
| | | | | Ownership | right | Ownership | right |
| | | | | (%) | (%) | (%) | (%) |
| 1- | Subsidiaries Malloca Vietnam Company Limited | Ho Chi Minh City | Trade Malloca brand kitchen appliances. | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| | An Cuong Wood- Working Manufaturing Company Limited | Binh Duong Province | Manufacture and trade wooden products. | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| | An Khang MDF Co.,Ltd (**) | Tay Ninh | Manufacture and trade plywood products. | | 2 0 | 51 | 51 |
| 11- | Indirect subsidiary | | | | | | |
| | AConcept Vietnam Limited Company (*) | Ho Chi Minh City | Wholesale and retail of interiors and interior decoration. | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| 111- | Associate Thang Loi Homes Joint Stock Company | Long An Province | Trade real estate and residential projects. | 30 | 30 | 30 | 30 |

1 GENERAL INFORMATION (continued)

- (*) The indirect subsidiary is a subsidiary of Malloca Vietnam Company Limited.
- (**) Pursuant to Resolution of the Board of Directors No. 18-2023/NQ-GAC dated 16 October 2023, the Company has approved the divestment of its entire contributed capital from An Khang MDF Co., Ltd by transferring shares' ownership. As at 9 November 2023, the Company has transferred its entire contributed capital with a transfer value of VND10,200,000,000. Accordingly, An Khang MDF Co., Ltd is not a subsidiary of the Company as at 31 December 2023.

Pursuant to the Resolution of the Board of Directors No. 05-2023/NQ-GAC dated 11 April 2023, the Company approved the establishment of a Commercial Representative Office in the Kingdom of Cambodia. As at 20 June 2023, the incorporation was completed.

As at 31 December 2023, the Company had 1,746 employees (as at 31 December 2022: 1,753 employees).

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

2.1 Basis of preparation of separate financial statements

The separate financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, the Vietnamese Corporate Accounting System and applicable regulations on preparation and presentation of separate financial statements in Vietnam. The separate financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

The accompanying separate financial statements are not intended to present the separate financial position and results of separate operations and separate cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than Vietnam. The accounting principles and practices utilised in Vietnam may differ from those generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than Vietnam.

Separately, the Company has also prepared consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (together, "the Group") in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, the Vietnamese Corporate Accounting System and applicable regulations on preparation and presentation of consolidated financial statements. In the consolidated financial statements, subsidiary undertakings, which are those companies over which the Group has the power to govern the financial and operating policies, have been fully consolidated.

Users of these separate financial statements of the Company should read them together with the consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (together, "the Group") for Quarter IV 2023 in order to obtain full information of the consolidated financial position and results of consolidated operations and consolidated cash flows of the Group.

2.2 Fiscal year

The Company's fiscal year is from 1 January to 31 December. The separate financial statements for Quarter IV are prepared for the three-month period from 1 October to 31 December.

2.3 Currency

The separate financial statements are measured and presented in Vietnamese Dong ("VND"), which is the Company's accounting currency.

2.4 Exchange rates

Transactions arising in foreign currencies are translated at exchange rates prevailing at the transaction dates. Foreign exchange differences arising from these transactions are recognised in the separate income statement.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the separate balance sheet date are respectively translated at the buying and selling exchange rates at the separate balance sheet date of the commercial banks with which the Company regularly transacts. Foreign currencies deposited in banks at the separate balance sheet date are translated at the buying exchange rate of the commercial banks where the Company opens its foreign currency accounts. Foreign exchange differences arising from these translations are recognised in the separate income statement.

2.5 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand, cash in banks and other short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less.

2.6 Receivables

Receivables represent trade receivables from customers arising from sales of goods and rendering of services, or non-trade receivables from others not arising from sales of goods and rendering of services. Provision for doubtful debts is made for each outstanding amount based on the estimated loss. Bad debts are written off when identified as uncollectible.

Receivables are classified into short-term and long-term receivables on the separate balance sheet based on the remaining period from the separate balance sheet date to the maturity date.

2.7 Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined by the weighted average method and includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. In the case of manufactured products, cost includes all direct expenditure and production overheads based on normal levels of operating activity. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the normal course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and selling expenses.

The Company applies the perpetual system for inventories.

Provision is made, where necessary, for obsolete, slow-moving and defective inventory items. The difference between the provision of this period and the provision of the previous period are recognised as an increase or decrease of cost of goods sold in the period.

2.8 Investments

(a) Investments held-to-maturity

Investments held-to-maturity are investments which the Company has a positive intention and ability to hold until maturity.

Investments held-to-maturity include term deposits and the bond entrusted-investment which the bond issuer is required to buy back in the future. Those investments are initially accounted for at cost. Subsequently, The Board of Management reviews all outstanding investment to determine the amount of provision to recognise at the year end.

Provision for diminution in value of investments held to maturity is made when there is evidence that the investment is uncollectible in whole or in part. Changes in the provision balance during the accounting fiscal period are recorded as an increase or decrease in financial expenses. A reversal, if any, is made only to the extent the investment is restored to its original cost.

Investments held to maturity are classified into short-term and long-term investments held to maturity on the separate balance sheet based on the remaining period from the separate balance sheet date to the maturity date.

(b) Investments in subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are all entities whose financial and operating policies the Company has the power to govern in order to gain future benefits from their activities generally accompanying a shareholding of more than one half of the voting rights. The existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible are considered when assessing whether the Company controls another entity.

Investments in subsidiaries are initially recorded at costs of acquisition plus other expenditure directly attributable to the investment. Subsequently, the Board of Management reviews all outstanding investments to determine the amount of provision to recognise at the period end.

(c) Investments in associate

Associate is an investment that the Company has significant influence but not control over and the Company would generally have from 20% to less than 50% of the voting rights of the investee.

Investments in associate is initially recorded at cost of acquisition including purchase cost or capital contribution value plus other expenditures directly attributable to the investment. Subsequently, the Board of Management reviews all outstanding investments to determine the amount of provision to recognise at the period end.

(d) Investments in other entities

Investment in other entities are investments in equity instruments of other entities without controlling rights or co-controlling rights, or without significant influence over the investee. These investments are accounted for initially at cost. Subsequently, the Board of Management reviews all outstanding investments to determine the amount of provision to recognise at the period end.

2.8 Investments (continued)

(e) Provision for investments in subsidiaries, associate and other entities

Provision for investments in subsidiaries, associate and other entity is made when there is a diminution in value of the investments at the period end.

Provision for investments in subsidiaries and associate is calculated based on the loss of investees.

Provision for investments in other entity is calculated based on market value if market value can be determined reliably. If market value cannot be determined reliably, the provision is calculated similarly to provision for investments in subsidiaries and associate.

Changes in the provision balance during the accounting period are recorded as an increase or decrease in financial expenses. A reversal, if any, is made only to the extent the investment is restored to its original cost.

2.9 Fixed assets

Tangible and intangible fixed assets

Fixed assets are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation or amortisation. Historical cost includes any expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the fixed assets bringing them to suitable conditions for their intended use. Expenditure which is incurred subsequently and has resulted in an increase in the future economic benefits expected to be obtained from the use of fixed assets, can be capitalised as an additional historical cost. Otherwise, such expenditure is charged to the separate income statement when incurred in the period.

Depreciation and amortisation

Fixed assets are depreciated/amortised using the straight-line basis so as to write off the historical cost of the fixed assets over their estimated useful lives. The principal annual rates of each asset class are as follows:

| Plant and buildings | 3% - 20% 8% - 20% |
|---------------------|----------------------|
| Machinery | |
| Motor vehicles | 8% - 17% |
| Office equipment | 13% - 25% |
| Others | 6% - 13% |
| Land use rights | 3% |
| Software | 13% - 40% |

Definite land use rights are stated at costs less accumulated amortisation. Land use rights are amortised using the straight-line basis over the terms of the land use right certificates, or over the period from the dates of purchases to the due dates of the land use right certificates.

Indefinite land use rights are stated at costs and not amortised.

2.9 Fixed assets (continued)

Disposals

Gains or losses on disposals are determined by comparing net disposal proceeds with the carrying amount of the fixed assets and are recognised as income or expense in the separate income statement.

Construction in progress

Construction in progress represents the cost of assets in the course of installation or construction for production, rental or administrative purposes, or for purposes not yet determined, which are recorded at cost and are comprised of such necessary costs to newly construct, repair and maintain, upgrade, renew or equip the projects with technologies as construction costs; costs of tools and equipment; project management expenditure; construction consulting expenditure; and capitalised borrowing costs for qualifying assets in accordance with the Company's accounting policies. Depreciation of these assets, on the same basis as other fixed assets, commences when they are ready for their intended use.

2.10 Leased assets

Leases where a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are charged to the separate income statement on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

2.11 Prepaid expenses

Prepaid expenses include short-term and long-term prepayments on the separate balance sheet, which mainly include long-term land rentals, office rentals, tools, and equipment in use. Short-term prepaid expenses represent prepayments for services; or tools that do not meet the recognition criteria for fixed assets for a period not exceeding 12 months or a business cycle from the date of prepayment. Long-term prepaid expenses represent prepayments for services; or tools, which do not meet the recognition criteria for fixed assets for a period exceeding 12 months or more than one business cycle from the date of prepayment. Prepaid expenses are recorded at historical cost and allocated on a straight-line basis over estimated useful lives.

Prepayments for land rental contracts which are not recorded as intangible assets as described in Note 2.9 are recorded as prepaid expenses and allocated using the straight-line basis over the prepaid lease term.

2.12 Payables

Classifications of payables are based on their nature as follows:

- Trade accounts payable are trade payables arising from purchase of goods and services; and
- Other payables are non-trade payables and payables not relating to purchases of goods and services.

Payables are classified into short-term and long-term payables on the separate balance sheet based on the remaining period from the separate balance sheet date to the maturity date.

2.13 Borrowings

Short-term borrowings include borrowings from banks.

Borrowings are classified into short-term and long-term borrowings on the separate balance sheet based on their remaining terms from the separate balance sheet date to the maturity date.

Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the construction or production of any qualifying assets are capitalised during the period of time that is required to complete and prepare the asset for its intended use. In respect of general-purpose borrowings, a portion of which used for the purpose of construction or production of any qualifying assets, the Company determines the amount of borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation by applying a capitalisation rate to the weighted average expenditure on the assets. The capitalisation rate is the weighted average of the interest rates applicable to the Company's borrowings that are outstanding during the period, other than borrowings made specifically for the purpose of obtaining a qualifying asset. Other borrowing costs are recognised in the separate income statement when incurred.

2.14 Accrued expenses

Accrued expenses include liabilities for goods and services received in the period but not yet paid for due to pending invoice or insufficient records and documents. Accrued expenses are recorded as expenses in the reporting period.

2.15 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events; it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount has been reliably estimated. Provision is not recognised for future operating losses.

Provisions are measured at the level of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation. If the time value of money is material, provision will be measured at the present value using a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. The increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognised as a financial expense. Changes in the provision balance during the accounting period are recorded as an increase or decrease in operating expenses.

2.16 Provision for severance allowances

In accordance with Vietnamese labour laws, employees of the Company who have worked regularly for full 12 months or longer, are entitled to a severance allowance. The working period used for the calculation of severance allowance is the year during which the employee actually works for the Company less the year during which the employee participates in the unemployment insurance scheme in accordance with the labour regulations and the working period for which the employee has received severance allowance from the Company.

2.16 Provision for severance allowances (continued)

The severance allowance is accrued at the end of the reporting period on the basis that each employee is entitled to half of an average monthly salary for each working year. The average monthly salary used for calculating the severance allowance is the employee contract's average salary for the year prior to the separate balance sheet date.

This allowance will be paid as a lump sum when the employees terminate their labour contracts in accordance with current regulations.

2.17 Owners' capital

Owners' capital is recorded according to the actual amounts contributed at the par value of the share.

Share premium is the difference between the par value and the issue price of shares and the difference between the repurchase price and re-issuing price of treasury shares.

Treasury shares bought before the effective date of the Securities Law (ie. 1 January 2022) are shares issued by the Company and bought back by itself, but these are not cancelled and may be re-issued subsequently in accordance with the Law on Securities. Treasury shares bought after 1 January 2022 will be cancelled and adjusted to reduce owners' equity.

Undistributed earnings record the Company's results profit after CIT at the reporting date.

2.18 Appropriation of net profit

The Company's dividends are recognised as a liability in the separate financial statements in the period in which the dividends are approved by the General Meeting of Shareholders and the Company has finalised the list of Shareholders receiving dividend in accordance with Resolution of the Board of Directors.

Profit after CIT could be distributed to shareholders after approval at General Meeting of Shareholders, and after appropriation to other funds in accordance with the Company's charter and Vietnamese regulations.

The Company's funds are as below:

(a) Bonus and welfare fund

The bonus and welfare fund is appropriated from profit after CIT and subject to Shareholders' approval at the General Meeting of Shareholders. This fund is presented as a liability on the separate balance sheet. This fund is used for pecuniary rewarding and encouragement, common benefits and improvement of employees' benefits and allowances.

(b) Investment and development fund

The investment and development fund is appropriated from profit after CIT of the Company and approved by Shareholders in the General Meeting. This fund is use for the Company's expansion of its operation or in-depth investments.

2.19 Revenue recognition

(a) Revenue from sales of goods

Revenue from sale of goods is recognised in the separate income statement when all five (5) following conditions are satisfied:

- The Company has transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods;
- The Company retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- The amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- It is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Company; and
- The costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

No revenue is recognised if there are significant uncertainties regarding recovery of the consideration due or the possible return of goods.

Revenue is recognised in accordance with the "substance over form" principle and allocated to each sales obligation. If the Company gives promotional goods to customers associated with their purchases, the Company allocates the total considerations received between goods sold and promotional goods.

(b) Revenue from rendering of services

Revenue from rendering of services is recognised in the separate income statement when the services are rendered, by reference to completion of the specific transaction assessed on the basis of the actual service provided as a proportion of the total services to be provided. Revenue from the rendering of services is only recognised when the four (4) following conditions are satisfied:

- The amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- It is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Company;
- The percentage of completion of the transaction at the separate balance sheet date can be measured reliably; and
- The costs incurred for the transaction and the costs to complete the transaction can be measured reliably.

(c) Interest income

Interest income is recognised on an earned basis.

(d) Dividend income

Income from dividend or distributed profits is recognised when the Company has established the receiving right from investees.

2.20 Sales deductions

Sales deductions include trade discounts, sales returns and sales allowances. Sales deductions incurred in the same period of the related revenue from sales of products, goods and rendering services are recorded as deduction of revenue of that period.

Sales deductions for sales of products, goods or rendering services which are sold in the period but are incurred after the separate balance sheet date but before the issuance of the separate financial statements are recorded as deduction of revenue of the period.

2.21 Cost of goods sold and services rendered

Cost of goods sold and services rendered are cost of finished goods, merchandise, materials sold or services rendered during the period, and recorded on the basis of matching with revenue and on a prudence basis.

2.22 Financial expenses

Financial expenses are expenses incurred in the period for financial activities including expenses of borrowing; losses incurred when selling foreign currencies; losses from foreign exchange differences.

2.23 Selling expenses

Selling expenses represent expenses that are incurred in the process of selling products, goods, and providing services.

2.24 General and administration expenses

General and administration expenses represent expenses that are incurred for administrative purposes.

2.25 Current and deferred income tax

Income tax include all income tax which are based on taxable profits including profits generated from production and trading activities in other countries with which the Socialist Republic of Vietnam has not signed any double taxation agreement. Income tax expense comprises current tax expense and deferred tax expense.

Current income tax is the amount of income taxes payable or recoverable in respect of the current year taxable profits at the current period tax rates. Current and deferred tax should be recognised as an income or an expense and included in the profit or loss of the period, except to the extent that the tax arises from a transaction or event which is recognised, in the same or a different period, directly in equity.

Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the separate financial statements. Deferred income tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of occurrence affects neither the accounting nor the taxable profit or loss. Deferred income tax is determined at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the financial period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the separate balance sheet date.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

2.25 Current and deferred income tax (continued)

Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the separate financial statements. Deferred income tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of occurrence affects neither the accounting nor the taxable profit or loss. Deferred income tax is determined at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the financial period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the separate balance sheet date. Deferred income tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

2.26 Related parties

Enterprises and individuals that directly, or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, control, or are controlled by, or are under common control with the Company, including holding companies, subsidiaries and fellow subsidiaries are related parties of the Company. Associates and individuals owning, directly or indirectly, an interest in the voting power of the Company that gives them significant influence over the Company, key management personnel, including members of the Company's Board of Directors and Board of Management and close members of the family of these individuals and companies associated with these individuals also constitute related parties. In considering its relationships with each related party, the Company considers the substance of the relationship not merely the legal form.

2.27 Segment reporting

A segment is a component which can be separated by the Company engaged in sales of goods or rendering of services ("business segment"), or sales of goods or rendering of services within a particular economic environment ("geographical segment"). Each segment is subject to risks and returns that are different from those of other segments. A reportable segment is the Company's business segment or the Company's geographical segment.

2.28 Accounting estimates

The preparation of separate financial statements in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, the Vietnamese Corporate Accounting System and applicable regulations on preparation and presentation of separate financial statements requires the Board of Management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the separate financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the financial year.

The areas involving significant estimates and assumptions are as follows:

Estimated useful life of fixed assets (Note 2.9 and 12);

Estimation of provision for doubtful debts (Note 9) and provision for decline in value of inventories (Note 10);
 Recognition of deferred tax assets for difference between tax base and accounting

base (Note 23).

Such estimates and assumptions are continually evaluated. They are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that may have a financial impact on the Company and that assessed by the Broad of Management to be reasonable under the circumstances.

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3 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

| | 31.12.2023 VND | 31.12.2022 VND |
|--|-------------------------------|--|
| Cash on hand Cash at bank Cash equivalents | 241,334,599 46,106,665,585 | 414,366,556 38,372,367,854 247,000,000,000 |
| | 46,348,000,184 | 285,786,734,410 |

4 INVESTMENTS

(a) Investments held-to-maturity

| | As at 31.1 | 2.2023 | As at 31.1 | 2.2022 |
|------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-----------------|-------------------|
| | Cost VND | Book value VND | Cost VND | Book value VND |
| Short-term Term deposits (i) | 1,469,000,000,000 | 1,469,000,000,000 | 866,000,000,000 | 866,000,000,000 |
| Long-term Term deposits (ii) | 27,000,000,000 | 27,000,000,000 | 46,000,000,000 | 46,000,000,000 |

- (i) As at 31 December 2023, short- term investments held-to-marturity comprise of term deposits at commercial banks with remaining period less than 1 year and earn interest at the rate of 4.9% 11.5% per annum (as at 31 December 2022: 5.5% 12% per annum). Besides, the Company has pledged VND176 billions of these investments with banks as collateral assets for the Company's borrowings (Note 21).
- (ii) As at 31 December 2023, long-term investments held-to-marturity comprise of term deposits at commercial banks with the remaining period more than 12 months and earn interest at the rate of 4.8% per annum (as at 31 December 2022: 11.5% per annum).

4 INVESTMENTS (continued)

(b) Investments in subsidiaries, associate and other entities

| i. Investments in subsidiaries Malloca Vietnam Company Limited An Cuong Wood-Working Manufacturing Company Limited | Ownership and voting rights % 100 | As at 31.12.2023 ind hts Cost Fa % VND 100 120,000,000,000 | Fair value (*) | Provision | Ownership and voting rights % | As at 31.12.2022 Cost Fa VND 120,000,000,000 | Pair value (*) | Provision VND |
|--|-----------------------------------|--|----------------|-----------|-------------------------------|---|----------------|------------------|
| | î | 1 | * | | 51 | ï | * | |
| | 100 | 916,600,000,000 | | 1 | 100 | 916,600,000,000 | | 1 |
| | 30 | 396,031,200,000 | *) | | 30 | 393,631,200,000 | (*) | 4 |
| | 12.97 | 119,200,000,000 | (*) | 1 | 12.97 | 119,200,000,000 | (*) | |

- he separate financial statements since their shares are not listed, and Vietnamese Accounting Standards, the Vietnamese Corporate As at 31 December 2023 and 31 December 2022, the Company had not determined the fair value of these investments for disclosure in Accounting System and applicable regulations on preparation and presentation of separate financial statements do not provide detailed guidance on the methods to determine fair value. The fair value of such investments may be different from their book value. *
- Pursuant to the Resolution No. 09-2023/NQ-GAC dated 1 June 2023, the Board of Directors of the Company approved the plan to buy 30% total new shares of Thang Loi Homes Joint Stock Company. (**)

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5 SHORT-TERM TRADE ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

| | 31.12.2023 VND | 31.12.2022 VND |
|---|--|--|
| Third parties Ai Linh Trading Import - Export Joint Stock Company Hung Thinh Furniture Joint Stock Company Western City Company Limited Others Related parties (Note 36(b)) | 32,970,348,517 29,965,421,278 33,107,012,766 223,510,819,761 21,039,334,421 340,592,936,743 | 45,704,544,547 27,772,243,386 235,943,101,475 39,056,569,563 348,476,458,971 |
| | | |

As at 31 December 2023 and 31 December 2022, the balances of short-term trade accounts receivable which were past due amounting to VND54,222,537,377 and VND33,351,118,362 respectively as presented in Note 9.

6 SHORT-TERM PREPAYMENTS TO SUPPLIERS

| | | 31.12.2023 VND | 31.12.2022 VND |
|-----|---|---|---|
| | Third parties Dat Moi Trading Service Joint Stock Company Cata Electrodomesticos SL Others Related parties (Note 36(b)) | 8,646,168,765 398,940,400 9,045,109,165 | 2,653,701,897 2,564,450,694 16,103,429,823 3,802,046,000 25,123,628,414 |
| 7 | LENDINGS | | |
| (a) | Short-term | | |
| | | 31.12.2023 VND | 31.12.2022 VND |
| | Novareal Joint Stock Company (*) | 114,021,132,127 | _ |
| (b) | Long-term | | |
| | | 31.12.2023 VND | 31.12.2022 VND |
| | Novareal Joint Stock Company (*) | 142,526,415,151 | |

7 LENDINGS (continued)

(b) Long-term (continued)

(*) According to Resolution No. 01-2021/NQ-GAC dated 11 January 2021 of the Board of Directors, the Company signed the purchase option agreements with Novareal Joint Stock Company ("Novareal") for real estates of the Novaworld Phan Thiet project and has deposited VND285,052,830,311 in 2021. Pursuant to the above agreements, until 15 March 2023, the Company can decide whether to exercise or not the real estate purchase option. According to the confirmation of buy-back commitment with Novareal signed on 20 April 2023 and the liquidation minutes dated 11 October 2023, the Company decided to not exercise the real estate purchase option and the deposits will be collected from Quarter IV 2023 to 2025. Accordingly, the Company collected VND28,505,283,033 on 3 November 2023. The interest rate is applied at 13% per annual until September 2023 and then at 15% per annual. The Company recognised the above interest income in the separate financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023 and for the year ended 31 December 2022.

8 OTHER RECEIVABLES

(a) Short-term

| | 31.12.2023 VND | 31.12.2022 VND |
|---|--|---|
| Entrusted-investment (*) Interest income from entrusted-investment (*) Interest income from term deposits Interest receivables (Note 7) Deposits Advances to employees Others | 114,730,527,301 10,867,216,930 34,381,169,793 99,490,956,156 2,731,297,440 688,177,229 7,377,446 | 156,017,700,000 18,720,311,067 18,066,530,507 - 4,149,048,176 1,387,873,529 222,570,680 - 198,564,033,959 |

(*) The Company entrusted VinaCapital Fund Management Joint Stock Company ("VinaCapital") to invest in corporate bonds and earned an expected interest at the rate of 13.8% per annum according to the entrusted-investment contract No. GB2021001 dated 5 February 2021 signed between the Company and VinaCapital. These bonds matured on 30 December 2022. At the date of these financial statements, VinaCapital is in the process of dealing with bond issuer to collect this investment. The Company collected the interest of VND7,778,630,137 on 3 January 2023 and the principal of VND41,318,016,556 on 9 June 2023. According to Board of Management's assessment, this investment will be fully recovered and hence, there's no impairment indicator which requires a provision to be made.

(b) Long-term

| | 31.12.2023 VND | 31.12.2022 VND |
|---|---------------------------------|---|
| Deposits (Note 7) (**) Interest receivables (Note 7) Other deposits | 5,681,532,440 14,065,200,080 | 285,052,830,311 68,790,574,235 10,618,567,600 |
| | 19,746,732,520 | 364,461,972,146 |

8 OTHER RECEIVABLES (continued)

(b) Long-term (continued)

(**) As at 31 December 2023, the deposit is classified as lending according to the confirmation of not exercising the real estate purchase option with Novareal Joint Stock Company signed on 20 April 2023 which is presented in Note 7.

9 DOUBTFUL DEBTS

| Bar v | | 31.12.2023 | | |
|--|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| | Cost VND | Recoverable amount VND | Provision VND | Overdue period |
| Receivables that were past due: Long Giang Investment and Urban Development Joint Stock Company | 4,735,807,801 | - | 4,735,807,801 | Over 3 years |
| An Gia Hung Investment Construction Joint Stock Company Hung Thinh Furniture Joint | 3,338,942,601 | * * | 3,338,942,601 | Over 3 years Over 1 years, |
| Stock Company | 22,594,915,109 | 11,297,457,553 | 11,297,457,556 | under 2 years |
| No.1- Lao Cai Investment Construction and Trading Joint Stock Company Hung Thinh Incons Joint Stock | 11,758,568,349 | 8,230,997,844 | 3,527,570,505 | Over 6 months, under 1 year Over 6 months, |
| Company Others | 6,700,609,266 5,093,694,251 | 4,211,801,232 2,176,672,855 | 2,488,808,034 2,917,021,396 | under 2 years Over 6 months |
| | 54,222,537,377 | 25,916,929,484 | 28,305,607,893 | |
| | | 31.12 | 2022 | |
| | | Recoverable | | |
| | Cost VND | amount VND | Provision VND | Overdue period |
| Desired the towns neet door | | | | 8 |
| Receivables that were past due: No.1- Lao Cai Investment | | | | |
| Construction and Trading | | * | 81 | Over 2 years, |
| Joint Stock Company Long Giang Investment and | 18,799,490,297 | 9,399,745,149 | 9,399,745,149 | under 3 years |
| Urban Development Joint Stock Company An Gia Hung Investment | 5,235,807,801 | - | 5,235,807,801 | Over 2 years, under 3 years |
| Construction Joint Stock Company Others | 3,338,942,601 5,976,877,663 | 963,629,496 | 3,338,942,601 5,013,248,167 | Over 3 years Over 1 year |
| | 33,351,118,362 | 10,363,374,645 | 22,987,743,718 | |
| | | | | |

10 INVENTORIES

| | 31.12. | 2023 | 31.12. | 2022 |
|-------------------------------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------|------------------|
| - | Cost VND | Provision VND | Cost VND | Provision VND |
| Goods in transit | 26,675,466,855 | - | 27,858,140,925 | ≟ s |
| Raw materials | 324,289,166,219 | (15,611,746,978) | 402,482,294,220 | (10,786,154,521) |
| Tools and supplies | 6,591,322,304 | **** # | - | - |
| Work in progress | 78,882,345,131 | (2,706,350,783) | 124,037,465,903 | (2,431,079,708) |
| Finished goods | 88,245,071,521 | (4,499,216,083) | 125,995,998,180 | (4,212,662,775) |
| Merchandise Finished goods | 14,121,331,535 | (2,378,851,500) | 29,965,698,784 | (848,571,650) |
| in transit | 14,291,766,549 | - | 6,871,256,014 | -1 |
| | 553,096,470,114 | (25,196,165,344) | 717,210,854,026 | (18,278,468,654) |

Movements in the provision for decline in value of inventories during the year were as follows:

| | For the year ended 31.12.2023 VND | For the year ended 31.12.2022 VND |
|--|---|---|
| Beginning of year Provision/ (Reversal of provision) | 18,278,468,654 | 20,944,199,080 |
| (Notes 29) | 6,917,696,690 | (2,665,730,426) |
| End of year | 25,196,165,344 | 18,278,468,654 |
| | | |
| 11 PREPAID EXPENSES | | |
| (a) Short-term | | |
| | 31.12.2023 VND | 31.12.2022 VND |
| Tools and supplies Rental | 2,858,083,269 658,142,000 | 5,723,400,406 610,340,000 |
| Insurance | 577,063,803 | 739,385,873 10,156,785,302 |
| Advertising Others | 103,831,819 4,197,233,327 | 10,141,475,657 |
| | 8,394,354,218 | 27,371,387,238 |

11 PREPAID EXPENSES (continued)

(b) Long-term

| | 31.12.2023 VND | 31.12.2022 VND |
|--|---|---|
| Land rental (*) Office and factory renovation Tools and supplies Rental Others | 62,599,520,521 11,740,426,387 4,622,179,070 1,955,823,931 3,340,388,680 84,258,338,589 | 64,419,790,083 12,349,834,490 5,786,869,689 2,001,933,729 1,282,524,392 85,840,952,383 |

^(*) As at 31 December 2023, land use rights of some land plots located in Binh Duong Province with the carrying amount of VND60,046,390,546 (as at 31 December 2022: VND61,797,500,831) have been pledged for short-term borrowings with banks (Note 21).

Movements in long-term prepaid expenses during the year were as follows:

| | For the year ended 31.12.2023 VND | For the year ended 31.12.2022 VND |
|---|--|--|
| Beginning of year Increase Allocation during the year | 85,840,952,383 14,314,077,443 (15,896,691,237) | 83,193,368,488 18,207,227,852 (15,559,643,957) |
| End of year | 84,258,338,589 | 85,840,952,383 |

12 FIXED ASSETS

(a) Tangible fixed assets

| Total | 475,131,484,000 45,512,654,228 (8,880,804,337) (17,855,046,032) | 493,908,287,859 | 314,241,904,912 41,852,150,456 -6,945,520,892 (17,149,644,467) | 331,998,890,009 | 160,889,579,088 |
|-------------------------|--|------------------------|---|------------------------|--|
| Others VND | 20,404,563,522 | 18,351,289,610 | 18,115,208,266 754,782,502 - (2,053,273,912) | 16,816,716,856 | 2,289,355,256 |
| Office equipment VND | 4,064,844,180 247,966,363 - (93,478,000) | 4,219,332,543 | 3,548,020,114 333,660,214 - (93,478,000) | 3,788,202,328 | 516,824,066 |
| Motor vehicles VND | 75,476,867,747 5,712,448,818 (2,629,996,818) (255,000,000) | 78,304,319,747 | 51,506,585,577 6,487,608,323 (2,627,471,566) (255,000,000) | 55,111,722,334 | 23,970,282,170 |
| Machinery VND | 218,759,966,915 36,954,252,051 (6,250,807,519) (6,967,721,957) | 242,495,689,490 | 150,667,148,224 22,322,392,836 (4,318,049,326) (6,967,721,957) | 161,703,769,777 | 68,092,818,691 |
| Plant and buildings | 156,425,241,636 2,597,986,996 - (8,485,572,163) | 150,537,656,469 | 90,404,942,731 11,953,706,581 (7,780,170,598) | 94,578,478,714 | 66,020,298,905 |
| | Historical cost As at 1 January 2023 New purchases Disposals Write-off | As at 31 December 2023 | Accumulated depreciation As at 1 January 2023 Charge for the period Disposals Write-off | As at 31 December 2023 | Net book value As at 1 January 2023 As at 31 December 2023 |

Historical cost of tangible fixed assets fully depreciated but still in use as at 31 December 2023 was VND 100,117,299,811 (as at 31 December 2022: VND77,388,426,143).

As at 31 December 2023, tangible fixed assets with the carrying value of VND 26,638,861,991 (as at 31 December 2022: VND30,164,505,782) were pledged with banks as security for short-term borrowings granted to the Company (Note 21).

12 FIXED ASSETS (continued)

(b) Intangible fixed assets

| | Land use rights VND | Software VND | Total VND |
|--|---|---|-------------------------------------|
| Historical cost As at 1 January 2023 New purchases | 8,090,909,091 | 24,477,658,255 1,936,311,142 | 32,568,567,346 1,936,311,142 |
| As at 31 December 2023 | 8,090,909,091 | 26,413,969,397 | 34,504,878,488 |
| Accumulated amortisation As at 1 January 2023 Charge for the year As at 31 December 2023 | 1,843,415,183 221,804,518 2,065,219,701 | 17,463,431,933 3,161,231,293 20,624,663,226 | 19,306,847,116 3,383,035,811 |
| Net book value As at 1 January 2023 | 6,247,493,908 | 7,014,226,322 | 13,261,720,230 |
| As at 31 December 2023 | 6,025,689,390 | 5,789,306,171 ———— | 11,814,995,561 |

Historical cost of intangible fixed assets fully amortised but still in use as at 31 December 2023 was VND3,668,852,090 (as at 31 December 2022: VND3,398,852,090).

As at 31 December 2023, intangible fixed assets with the carrying value of VND 6,025,689,390 (as at 31 December 2022: VND6,247,493,908) were pledged with banks as security for short-term borrowings granted to the Company (Note 21).

13 CONSTRUCTIONS IN PROGRESS

| | 31.12.2023 VND | 31.12.2022 VND |
|--|---|---|
| Management software Machinery and equipment Office and factory renovation Others | 18,628,673,191 408,529,651 729,289,463 575,858,282 | 934,020,000 732,079,544 289,317,394 51,030,103 |
| | 20,342,350,587 | 2,006,447,041 |

13 CONSTRUCTIONS IN PROGRESS (continued)

Movements of the construction in progress during the year were as follows:

| | | For the year ended 31.12.2023 VND | For the year ended 31.12.2022 VND |
|----|---|--|---|
| | Beginning of year Increase during the year | 2,006,447,041 18,335,903,546 | 677,894,956 1,328,552,085 |
| | End of year | 20,342,350,587 | 2,006,447,041 |
| 14 | SHORT-TERM TRADE ACCOUNT | S PAYABLE | |
| | | 31.12.2023 VND | 31.12.2022 VND |
| | Third parties Vina Eco Board Limited VRG Kien Giang MDF Joint | 17,076,232,316 | 17,471,924,992 |
| | Stock Company | 28,290,617,496 | 14,775,145,826 |
| | Others | 105,193,205,868 | 155,050,618,899 |
| | | [2015] A. A. T. A. | 100 070 100 511 |
| | Related parties (Note 36(b)) | 63,223,246,993 | 132,679,409,511 |

As at 31 December 2023 and 31 December 2022, there was no balance of short-term trade accounts payable that was past due.

15 SHORT-TERM ADVANCES FROM CUSTOMERS

| 31.12.2022 VND |
|---------------------------------------|
| 11,477,000,000 - 91,739,991,711 |
| 103,216,991,711 |
| |

16 TAX AND OTHER RECEIVABLES FROM/PAYABLES TO THE STATE

Movements in tax and other receivables from/payables to the State during the year were as follows:

| As at 31.12.2023 VND | 1,786,084,549 | 41,752,120 54,182,931 | 1,882,019,600 | As at 31.12.2023 VND | 7,678,077,730 24,240,802,605 7,100,432,063 | 39,019,312,398 |
|---------------------------------------|---|------------------------------------|-------------------|------------------------------------|--|-------------------|
| Net off during the year | (150,267,872,822) | 1 1 | (150,267,872,822) | Net off during the year | (150,267,872,822) | (150,267,872,822) |
| Received during the year VND | | (1,330,583,570) (1,688,782,826) | (3,019,366,396) | Paid during the year VND | (35,887,236,668) (119,552,558,539) (15,973,449,661) (6,324,649,566) | (177,737,894,434) |
| Receivables during the year VND | 150,720,625,689 | 217,966,964 1,676,156,738 | 152,614,749,391 | Payables during the year VND | 187,755,995,490 73,489,244,961 16,007,648,761 6,324,649,566 | 283,577,538,778 |
| As at 1.1.2023 VND | 1,333,331,682 | 1,154,368,726 66,809,019 | 2,554,509,427 | As at 1.1.2023 VND | 6,077,191,730 70,304,116,183 7,066,232,963 | 83,447,540,876 |
| | (a) Receivables Value added tax ("VAT") input | reclaimed Others | | | (b) Payables VAT CIT Personal income tax Import tax | |

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17 PAYABLES TO EMPLOYEES

Payables to employees represent salary and bonus payable to employees.

18 SHORT-TERM ACCRUED EXPENSES

| | 31.12.2023 VND | 31.12.2022 VND |
|---|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Bonus to employees Based-investment-performance fees to | 6,079,777,047 | 8,786,389,043 |
| VinaCapital Others | 6,000,000,000 2,943,301,420 | 6,000,000,000 5,340,754,465 |
| | 15,023,078,467 | 20,127,143,508 |

19 OTHER SHORT-TERM PAYABLES

| | 31.12.2023 VND | 31.12.2022 VND |
|---|---|--|
| Appropriation to the charity fund Compulsory insurances Dividends payable to shareholders Others | 105,983,688 321,548,500 1,358,599,151 | 2,130,000,000 101,303,850 - 776,439,392 |
| | 1,786,131,339 | 3,007,743,242 |

20 BONUS AND WELFARE FUNDS

Movements of bonus and welfare fund during the year are as follows:

| | For the year ended 31.12.2023 VND | For the year ended 31.12.2022 VND |
|---|--|---|
| Beginning of year Increase Decrease | 22,258,606,951 30,779,064,467 (50,135,666,970) | 354,323,432 32,087,642,807 (10,183,359,288) |
| End of year | 2,902,004,448 | 22,258,606,951 |

21 SHORT-TERM BORROWINGS

| 388,236,979,494 | | Interest Collateral (%/annum) | 3.3- 4.4 Bank term-deposits with the value of VND176billion; debt collection rights, land use rights and assets, machineries belonged to land plot No. 218 located in Binh Duong. | 3.3-4.4 Debt collection rights, land use rights and assets belonged to land plots located in Binh Duong; machinery and equipment. |
|-----------------|---|---|---|--|
| | | Expiry date | 12/3/2024- 25/6/2024 | 05/03/2024- 06/05/2024 |
| 1,187,387,202,7 | | Term Months | Ø | 4 - 6 05 |
| 520,147,652,725 | oilows: | As at 31.12.2023 VND | 232,680,824,672 | 155,556,154,822 |
| | ank loans as f | Currency | ON | QNA |
| Bank loans (*) | (*) Details of short-term t | | Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Foreign Trade of Vietnam | Vietnam Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Industry and Trade |
| | 520,147,652,725 1,187,387,202,768 (1,319,297,875,999) | 520,147,652,725 1,187,387,202,768 (1,319,297,875,999) = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = | 47,652,725 1,187,387,202,768 (1,319,297,875,999) = = = = = = | ### 1,187,387,202,768 (1,319,297,875,999) **S at 31.12.2023** **NND** **Months** **NND** **Months** **Colored at the standard of the standard of the standard plots in Binh Einh Einh Einh Einh Einh Einh Einh E |

22 PROVISION FOR LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

| | 31.12.2023 VND | 31.12.2022 VND |
|--|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Provision for severance allowances Provision for dismantling costs | 3,731,175,415 6,000,000,000 | 2,786,319,167 4,000,000,000 |
| | 9,731,175,415 | 6,786,319,167 |

23 DEFERRED INCOME TAX

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred income taxes relate to the same taxation authority.

| | 31.12.2023 VND | 31.12.2022 VND |
|--|-------------------|-------------------|
| Deferred tax assets: Deferred tax assets are recovered than more 12 months | 1,946,235,083 | 1,357,263,833 |
| Deferred tax assets are recovered within 12 months | 8,021,557,003 | 6,291,817,679 |
| | 9,967,792,086 | 7,649,081,512 |
| | | |

The movement in the deferred income tax assets, taking into consideration the offsetting of balances within the same tax jurisdiction, were as follows:

| | For the year ended 31.12.2023 VND | For the year ended 31.12.2022 VND |
|---|---|---|
| Beginning of year Separate income statement credit | 7,649,081,512 2,318,710,574 | 5,095,520,566 2,553,560,946 |
| End of year | 9,967,792,086 | 7,649,081,512 |
| Details of deferred tax assets | 31.12.2023 VND | 31.12.2022 VND |
| Deductible temporary differences | 9,967,792,086 | 7,649,081,512 |

The Company uses tax rate of 20% for determining deferred tax assets. Deferred tax assets mainly arise from deductible temporary differences relating to accrued expenses, and provisions.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

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24 OWNERS' CAPITAL

(a) Number of ordinary shares

| | 31.12.2023 | 31.12.2022 |
|---|-------------|------------------------|
| Number of shares registered | 150,787,946 | 135,846,122 |
| Number of shares issued Number of shares repurchased | 150,787,946 | 135,846,122 (9,600) |
| Number of existing shares in circulation | 150,787,946 | 135,836,522 |

(b) Details of owners' shareholding

| | 31.12.2023 | | 31.12.20 | 22 |
|--|--|----------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|
| - | Ordinary shares | % | Ordinary shares | % |
| NC Viet Nam Investment Ltd. Sumitomo Forestry (Singapore) Ltd. Whitlam Holding Pte. Ltd. Others | 75,463,194 29,571,819 27,242,397 18,510,536 | 50.05 19.61 18.07 12.27 | 67,984,860 26,641,279 24,542,700 16,667,683 | 50.05 19.61 18.07 12.27 |
| | 150,787,946 | 100.00 | 135,836,522 | 100.00 |

(c) Movements of share capital

| | Number of shares | Ordinary shares VND | Treasury shares VND | Total VND |
|---|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|
| As at 1 January 2022 New shares issued | 87,640,744 48,195,778 | 876,503,440,000 481,957,780,000 | (653,230,147) | 875,850,209,853 481,957,780,000 |
| As at 31 December 2022 New shares issued Re-issuance of treasury share | 135,836,522 14,941,824 9,600 | 1,358,461,220,000 149,418,240,000 | (653,230,147) - 653,230,147 | 1,357,807,989,853 149,418,240,000 653,230,147 |
| As at 31 December 2023 | 150,787,946 | 1,507,879,460,000 | | 1,507,879,460,000 |

Par value per share: VND10,000

AN CUONG WOOD-WORKING JOINT STOCK COMPANY

25 MOVEMENTS IN OWNERS' EQUITY

| Total VND | 3,311,343,082,049 43,748,200,000 590,921,588,966 - (464,913,590,200) (10,690,183,863) (21,397,458,939) (5,000,000,000) | 3,444,011,638,008 547,163,601,905 (5,000,000,000) | (30,779,064,467) | (8,028,247,049) - (105,544,842,200) 96,000,000 | 3,841,919,086,197 |
|-------------------------------------|--|---|--|---|------------------------|
| Undistributed earnings VND | 994,790,724,554 590,921,588,966 (438,293,480,000) (464,913,590,200) (10,690,183,868) - | 666,905,059,452 547,163,601,905 (5,000,000,000) (30,779,064,467) | (30,779,064,467) | - (149,418,240,000) (105,544,842,200) | 892,547,450,223 |
| Development and investment fund VND | 21,397,458,939 | 30,779,064,467 | | (8,028,247,049) | 22,750,817,418 |
| Treasury shares VND | (653,230,147) | (653,230,147) | 1 | 653,230,147 | 1 |
| Share premium VND | 1,419,304,688,703 (6,100,000) | 1,419,298,588,703 | 3 | (557,230,147) | 1,418,741,358,556 |
| Owners' capital VND | 876,503,440,000 43,754,300,000 - 438,203,480,000 | 1,358,461,220,000 | ı | - 149,418,240,000 - | 1,507,879,460,000 |
| * | As at 1 January 2022 Capital increased during the year Net profit for the year Dividend paid in shares Dividend paid in cash Appropriation to the bonus and welfare fund Transfer to bonus and welfare fund Appropriation to the charity funds | As at 31 December 2022 Net profit for the year Appropriation to the charity funds (i) Appropriation to the development and investment fund (i) Appropriation to the bonus and | welfare fund (i) Payments from development and | investment fund Dividend paid in shares (ii) Dividend paid in cash (iii) Re-issuance of treasury shares (iv) | As at 31 December 2023 |

25 MOVEMENTS IN OWNERS' EQUITY (continued)

- or the appropriation of the Bonus and Welfare Fund and the Investment and Development Fund at the rate of 5% on profit after tax n the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group as at 31 December 2022, equivalents to VND30,779,064,467 for each Pursuant to the Resolution of the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders No. 07-2023/NQ-GAC dated 26 April 2023, it was approved fund and the appropriation of the charity fund amounting to VND5,000,000,000. \equiv
- shares for the 2nd dividend payment of 2022 at ratio 11% (100:11). Accordingly, as at 26 July 2023, the Company's charter capital General Meeting of Shareholders No. 07-2023/NQ-GAC dated 26 April 2023, the Company approved the plan to issue ordinary Pursuant to the Resolution of the Board of Directors No. 10-2023/NQ-GAC dated 21 June 2023, the Resolution of the Annual has increased by VND149,418,240,000, which is equivalent to 14,941,824 shares with voting rights. \equiv
- dividend payment of 2023 by cash for existing shareholders at the rate of 7% at par value of each share, equivalents to Pursuant to Resolution of the Board of Directors No. 19-2023/NQ-GAC dated 16 November 2023, the Company approved the 1st VND105,544,842,200.
- Meeting of Shareholders approved the plan to issue shares in ESOP for employees from treasury shares. Accordingly, the Company's Pursuant to the Resolution of the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders No. 07-2023/NQ-GAC dated 26 April 2023, the General reasury shares of 9,600 shares were sold to employees at par value on 23 November 2023. <u>(i</u>

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26 DIVIDENDS

| | For the year ended 31.12.2023 VND | For the year ended 31.12.2022 VND |
|---|--|---|
| Beginning of year Increase Dividend paid in cash Dividend paid in shares | 262,857,700 254,963,082,200 (105,486,151,400) (149,418,240,000) | 903,117,070,200 (464,650,732,500) (438,203,480,000) |
| End of year | 321,548,500 | 262,857,700 |

27 OFF BALANCE SHEET ITEMS

Foreign currencies

As at 31 December 2023, included in cash were balances held in foreign currencies of US\$482,117.53 and EUR 50,709.43 (as at 31 December 2022: US\$415,893.42 and EUR14,945.32).

AN CUONG WOGD-WORKING JOINT STOCK COMPANY

NET REVENUE OF SALES OF GOODS AND RENDERING OF SERVICES

28

| | For the three-month period ended | period ended | For the year ended | ar ended |
|--|--|--|--|--|
| | 31.12.2023 VND | 31.12.2022 VND | 31.12.2023 VND | 31.12.2022 VND |
| Revenue Revenue from sales of goods Revenue from rendering of services | 691,113,985,581 10,698,019,139 701,812,004,720 | 891,539,860,430 19,853,163,608 911.393.024.038 | 2,408,309,781,755 43,042,699,989 | 2,886,592,718,976 67,716,216,722 2.954,308,935,698 |
| Sales deduction Trade discounts Sales returns Sales ailowances | (138,644,515) (102,125,090) (11,259,600) | (1,373,431,190) (1,879,197,461) (4,080,000) | (275,008,151) (2,996,232,449) (48,879,654) | (4,148,554,769) (5,341,007,253) (8,735,560) |
| | (252,029,205) | (3,256,708,651) | (3,320,120,254) | (9,498,297,582) |
| Net revenue from sales of goods and rendering of services Net revenue from sales of goods Net revenue from rendering of services | 690,861,956,376 | 888,283,151,779 19,853,163,608 | 2,404,989,661,501 | 2,877,094,421,394 67,716,216,722 |
| | 701,559,975,515 | 908,136,315,387 | 2,448,032,361,490 | 2,944,810,638,116 |

29 COST OF GOODS SOLD AND SERVICES RENDERED

| | | For the three-month period ended 31.12.2023 31.12.2 VND | period ended 31.12.2022 VND | For the year ended 31.12.2023 VND | 31.12.2022 31.12.2022 VND |
|----|---|---|-----------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| | Cost of goods sold Cost of services rendered | 516,059,505,170 5,505,211,723 | 666,540,971,493 12,582,557,156 | 1,801,888,683,477 23,656,527,671 | 2,177,318,903,189 43,866,437,428 |
| | (Reversal of provision)/ Provision for decline in value of inventories Provision for dismantling cost | (1,263,911,327) | (2,703,600,065) 2,000,000,000 | 6,917,696,690 2,000,000,000 | (2,665,730,426) 2,000,000,000 |
| | | 520,300,805,566 | 678,419,928,584 | 1,834,462,907,838 | 2,220,519,610,191 |
| 30 | FINANCIAL INCOME | | | | |
| | | For the three-month period ended | n period ended | For the y | For the year ended |
| | • | 31.12.2023 | 31.12.2022 | 31.12.2023 | 31.12.2022 |
| | | ONA | ONA | VND | AND |
| | Profit distributed | 104,000,000,000 | t | 323,000,000,000 | 286,000,000,000 |
| | Interest income from bank deposits | 23,280,023,217 | 16,882,879,191 | 84,038,394,246 | 60,750,615,607 |
| | Interest income from deposits (Note 8) | 14,896,939,008 | 9,340,361,234 | 36,382,195,723 | 37,056,867,940 |
| | Interest entrusted- investment | 1 | 5,231,342,466 | 1 | 21,099,747,945 |
| | Interest income from lending | | | | 2,065,890,411 |
| | Dividend distributed | 1 | ı | ı | 8,940,000,000 |
| | Realised foreign exchange gains | 3,093,475,438 | 6,523,457,726 | 12,108,452,656 | 13,357,375,632 |
| | Unrealised toreign exchange gains Other | 149,354,324 184,307,440 | 1,983,839,896 | 149,354,324 184,307,440 | 1,983,839,896 |
| | | 145,604,099,427 | 39,961,880,513 | 455,862,704,389 | 431,254,337,431 |
| | | | | Management (Management (Manage | |

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| ENSE |
|------------|
| AL EXPENSE |
| FINANCIAL |
| 31 |

| | 2 2 | For the three-month period ended | period ended | For the year ended | . ended |
|----|--|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|---|
| | | 31.12.2023 VND | 31.12.2022 VND | 31.12.2023 VND | 31.12.2022 VND |
| | Interest expense Realised foreign exchange losses Based-investment-performance fees to | 3,334,019,383 883,202,280 | 6,466,151,066 6,589,454,960 | 22,831,809,157 3,943,263,765 | 18,725,124,935 12,093,212,047 6,000,000,000 |
| | | 4,217,221,663 | 19,055,606,026 | 26,775,072,922 | 36,818,336,982 |
| 32 | SELLING EXPENSES | | | | |
| | | For the three-month period ended | h period ended | For the year ended | ar ended |
| | | 31.12.2023 VND | 31.12.2022 VND | 31.12.2023 VND | 31.12.2022 VND |
| | Staff costs Transportation | 35,821,599,727 11 409 081 439 | 43,349,239,786 | 113,884,173,182 | 133,136,440,312 |
| | Marketing and advertising | 20,141,546,188 | 28,483,408,520 | 76,120,553,061 | 63,699,983,310 |
| | Rental | 6,703,460,824 | 6,786,992,905 | 26,873,667,284 | 23,710,788,338 |
| | Depreciation and amortisation Repair and maintenances | 1,941,542,082 4 188 455 146 | 2,193,731,382 | 8,070,740,272 | 8,929,921,442 |
| | Others | 2,963,644,216 | 16,629,538,142 | 42,392,047,597 | 49,064,680,410 |
| | | 84,793,418,392 | 118,389,293,579 | 336,262,091,748 | 351,030,463,589 |

33 GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATION EXPENSES

| * 2 | For the three-month period ended | period ended | For the year ended | ar ended |
|--|----------------------------------|----------------|--------------------|----------------|
| | 31.12.2023 | 31.12.2022 | 31.12.2023 | 31.12.2022 |
| | VND | VND | VND | VND |
| Staff costs Professional fees Tools and supplies Depreciation and amortisation | 9,990,819,528 | 17,667,067,841 | 38,552,000,628 | 49,753,035,817 |
| | 983,200,000 | 516,339,999 | 2,433,102,340 | 2,056,966,644 |
| | 284,271,336 | 473,199,985 | 1,375,165,749 | 1,211,749,381 |
| | 445,870,679 | 532,723,815 | 1,897,727,629 | 2,196,059,082 |
| Provision for doubtful debts | 4,085,931,286 | 8,025,983,281 | 5,602,418,963 | 7,694,753,982 |
| Others | 16,614,467,902 | 13,033,421,585 | 44,253,960,411 | 30,882,348,356 |
| | 32,404,560,731 | 40,248,736,506 | 94,114,375,720 | 93,794,913,262 |

34 CORPORATE INCOME TAX ("CIT")

The CIT on the Company's accounting profit before tax differs from the theoretical amount that would arise using the applicable tax rate as follows:

| For | For the three-month period ended | ended | For the year ended | ded |
|--|-----------------------------------|-------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| | 31.12.2023 VND | 31.12.2022 VND | 31.12.2023 VND | 31.12.2022 VND |
| Net accounting profit before tax | 206,915,789,854 | 92,153,690,352 | 618,334,136,292 | 676,734,145,756 |
| Tax calculated at a rate of 20% Effect of: | 41,383,157,971 | 18,430,738,070 | 123,666,827,259 | 135,346,829,150 |
| Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Incomes not subject to tax | 3,066,945,679 (20,800,000,000) | 3,864,037,644 | 10,297,886,408 (64,600,000,000) | 9,453,727,640 (58,988,000,000) |
| previous years | • | ı | 1,805,820,720 | τ |
| CIT (*) | 23,650,103,650 | 22,294,775,714 | 71,170,534,387 | 85,812,556,790 |
| Charged/ (credit) to the seperate income statement: CIT – current | statement: 24,996,447,722 | 24,438,720,578 | 73,489,244,961 | 88,366,117,736 |
| CIT – deferred | (1,346,344,072) | (2,143,944,864) | (2,318,710,574) | (2,553,560,946) |
| | 23,650,103,650 | 22,294,775,714 | 71,170,534,387 | 85,812,556,790 |

^(*) The corporate income tax charge is based on estimated taxable income and is subject to review and possible adjustments by the tax authorities.

35 COSTS OF OPERATION BY FACTOR

Costs of operation by factor represent all costs incurred during the period from the Company's operating activities, excluding cost of merchandises for trading activities. The details are as follows:

| | For the three-month period ended | period ended | For the year ended | ar ended |
|--|----------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------|-------------------|
| | 31.12.2023 | 31.12.2022 | 31.12.2023 | 31.12.2022 |
| | VND | VND | VND | VND |
| Raw materials Staff costs Outside services Transportation Tools and supplies Depreciation and amortisation | 357,133,588,331 | 455,720,691,102 | 1,351,623,225,741 | 1,639,431,488,120 |
| | 97,251,376,198 | 126,021,061,894 | 355,153,669,357 | 419,615,447,241 |
| | 45,059,612,287 | 53,555,796,934 | 189,181,450,330 | 153,835,982,231 |
| | 12,332,612,423 | 14,620,078,139 | 47,554,640,494 | 52,175,070,887 |
| | 12,846,799,976 | 15,950,377,322 | 53,981,200,861 | 50,777,322,634 |
| | 11,471,337,732 | 11,460,749,820 | 45,235,186,267 | 48,585,352,965 |
| | 562,110,639,540 | 727,139,069,891 | 2,159,504,858,567 | 2,491,922,274,851 |

36 RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

During the period, the Company had balances and/or transactions with below related parties:

| Related parties NC Vietnam Investment Company Limited Malloca Vietnam Company Limited An Cuong Wood-Working Manufacturing Company Limited An Khang MDF Co.,Ltd AConcept Vietnam Company Limited Trung Hieu Plywood Company Limited Sumitomo Forestry (Singapore) Ltd. Whitlam Holding Pte. Ltd. Thao Nghia Thanh One-Member Company Limited | Relationship Controlling shareholder Subsidiary Subsidiary Subsidiary Subsidiary (until 9 November 2023 as presented in Note 1 (**)) Indirect subsidiary (*) Controlled by the Chairman's family member Major shareholder Major shareholder Controlled by the Head of Supervision's family member |
|--|---|
| Sumitomo Forestry Vietnam Company Limited | Controlled by the Deputy Chairman |
| Thang Loi Homes Joint Stock Company | Associate |

(*) The indirect subsidiary is a subsidiary of Malloca Vietnam Company Limited

(a) Related party transactions

| rvices d | For the three-month period ended 31.12.202 31.12.202 VND VND VNI 9,316,608,527 15,661,685,6179,484,066,550 10,557,040,31 | h period ended 31.12.2022 VND 15,661,685,617 10,557,040,317 | For the year ended 31.12.2023 31.12.2023 31.0ND 34,057,729,498 56,212 27,325,756,504 34,238 | ar ended 31.12.2022 VND 56,212,222,130 34,238,320,853 |
|--|--|---|---|---|
| AConcept Vietnam Company Limited An Cuong Wood-Working Manufacturing Company Limited | 2,164,695,385 33,548,087,275 | 885,105,144 55,327,172,577 | 6,593,983,925 132,002,731,754 | 9,120,818,834 202,093,561,458 |
| | 54,513,457,738 | 82,431,003,655 | 199,980,201,681 | 301,664,923,275 |

AN CUONG WOOD-WORKING JOINT STOCK COMPANY

RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES (continued) 36

| (continued) |
|---------------|
| transactions |
| Related party |
| (a) |

| Purchases of goods and services An Cuong Wood-Working Manufacturing Company Limited Malloca Vietnam Company Limited Thao Nghia Thanh One-Member Company Limited AConcept Vietnam Company Limited Sumitomo Forestry Vietnam Company Limited Sumitomo Forestry (Singapore) Ltd. Sales of fixed asset to An Cuong Wood-Working Manufacturing Company Limited An Cuong Wood-Working Manufacturing Company Limited An Cuong Wood-Working Manufacturing Company Limited An Cuong Wood-Working Manufacturing | For the three-month period ended 31.12.202 31.12.202 31.12.202 31.12.202 VND VND VND 1,746,450,000 1,746,450,000 253,439,566 676,253,29 805,246,497 1,339,137,76 71,534,932,394 142,658,131,81 | 31.12.2022 31.12.2022 VND 132,241,622,279 1,746,450,000 6,175,985,000 676,253,296 478,683,476 1,339,137,765 142,658,131,816 | For the year ended 31.12.2023 31. VND VND 268,092,428,193 417,505 13,303,382,269 19,986 13,566,005,610 10,917 2,343,771,599 7,432 2,154,107,591 7,432 307,412,705,005 459,072 1,736,000,0000 28,995,000,0000 | ar ended 31.12.2022 VND 417,505,213,317 19,986,299,000 10,917,927,163 1,532,480,140 1,698,717,435 7,432,065,037 459,072,702,092 |
|--|--|--|--|--|
| Compensation of key management | | | | |
| Gross salaries and other benefits | 10,072,600,000 | 10,460,354,162 | 21,960,486,667 | 24,192,394,931 |

AN CUONG WOOD-WORKING JOINT STOCK COMPANY

36 RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES (CONTINUED)

(a) Related party transactions (continued)

| | | For the three-month period ended | th period ended | For the year end | ear end |
|------|---|--|--|--|--|
| | | 31.12.2023 VND | 31.12.2022 VND | 31.12.2023 VND | 31.12.2022 VND |
| vi) | Dividend paid during the period NC Vietnam Investment Ltd. Whitlam Holding Pte. Ltd Sumitomo Forestry (Singapore) Ltd. Others | 52,824,235,800 19,069,677,900 20,700,273,300 12,950,655,200 | 74,783,346,000 26,996,970,000 29,305,406,900 18,334,451,300 | 127,607,575,800 46,066,647,900 50,005,673,300 127,607,575,800 | 451,989,666,000 163,169,370,000 177,121,535,900 451,989,666,000 |
| | | 105,544,842,200 | 149,420,174,200 | 254,963,082,200 | 903,117,070,200 |
| Vii) | **Description (Note 30) Malloca Vietnam Company Limited An Cuona Wood-Working Manufacturing | 13,000,000,000 | 1 | 32,000,000,000 | 35,000,000,000 |
| | Company Limited | 91,000,000,000 | ľ. | 291,000,000,000 | 251,000,000,000 |
| | | 104,000,000,000 | | 323,000,000,000 | 286,000,000,000 |
| Ņ | viii) Investment activities | | | | |
| | Investment activities in associates and other entity An Khang MDF Co.,Ltd Thang Loi Homes Joint Stock Company | ner entity | 1 1 | 10,200,000,000 | 393,631,200,000 |
| | Divest from subsidiary | | | 12,600,000,000 | 393,631,200,000 |
| | An Khang MDF Co.,Ltd | 10,200,000,000 | | | |

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RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES (CONTINUED) 36

(b)

| KLEATED FARTT BIOGEOGRAP (COMMISSE) | , | |
|--|--|---|
| Year/ Period end balances with related parties | | |
| | 31.12.2023 VND | 31.12.2022 VND |
| Long-term investments (Note 4(b)) | | |
| Investments in subsidiaries An Cuong Wood-Working Manufacturing Company Limited Malloca Vietnam Company Limited | 796,600,000,000 120,000,000,000 | 796,600,000,000 120,000,000,000 |
| - g - g - e | 916,600,000,000 | 916,600,000,000 |
| Investments in associates Thang Loi Homes Joint Stock Company | 396,031,200,000 | 393,631,200,000 |
| Short-term trade accounts receivable (Note 5) An Cuong Wood-Working Manufacturing Company Limited Trung Hieu Plywood Company Limited Malloca Vietnam Company Limited AConcept Vietnam Company Limited | 12,998,377,854 5,715,974,205 2,324,982,362 | 22,061,724,847 8,826,856,174 7,543,309,030 624,679,512 39,056,569,563 |
| Short-term prepayments to suppliers (Note 6) | | |
| Thao Nghia Thanh One-Member Company Limited | 398,940,400 | 3,802,046,000 |
| Short-term trade accounts payable (Note 14) | | |
| An Cuong Wood-Working Manufacturing Company Limited Malloca Vietnam Company Limited AConcept Vietnam Company Limited Sumitomo Forestry Vietnam Company Limited Thao Nghia Thanh One-Member Company Limited | 49,703,241,189 9,523,020,887 642,105,221 | 126,479,738,673 2,653,424,000 2,726,335,424 516,978,154 |
| | 1,838,597,596 | 302,933,260 |
| | 63,223,246,993 | 132,679,409,511 |

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The separate financial statements were approved by the Board of Management on 26 January

2024.

Preparer

Nguyen Thi Hong Lan

Thieu Thi Ngoc Diem Chief Accountant

Vo Thi Ngoc Anh General Director

Cổ PHẨN Gỗ